

THE GAUHATI HIGH COURT AT GUWAHATI

(THE HIGH COURT OF ASSAM, NAGALAND, MIZORAM AND ARUNACHAL PRADESH)

Preliminary Examination (OMR based objective type multiple choices) for direct recruitment
to Grade-I of Assam Judicial Service, 2024

Total Marks:100

Duration: 2 Hours

Date:05.01.2025(Sunday)

Time: 10:00 AM- 12:00 PM

Each Question carries 1 mark. There is no negative marking.

1. Assam is also known as the Land of the Red River and the Blue Hill. The name is derived from a book with the same title. Who is the author of the book?
 - a. Ambikagiri Raichoudhury
 - b. Hem Barua
 - c. Bhabendranath Saikia
 - d. Navakanta Barua

2. Which amendment to the Constitution of India is also infamously known as the Mini Constitution?
 - a. 42nd Amendment
 - b. 44th Amendment
 - c. 24th Amendment
 - d. 46th Amendment

3. Bharat Ratna Dr. Bhupen Hazarika became an Independent MLA from which of the following constituency?
 - a. Tezpur
 - b. Sadiya
 - c. Behali
 - d. Naoboicha

4. Which of the following Presidents of India also served as an Advocate General of a State?
 - a. Justice M.Hidayatullah

- b. F.A. Ahmed
 - c. Shankar Dayal Sharma
 - d. Ram Nath Kovind
5. Who was the world's first female Prime Minister?
- a. Indira Gandhi
 - b. Benazir Bhutto
 - c. Sirimavo Bandaranaike
 - d. Margaret Thatcher
6. Who was the first Judge of the Gauhati High Court to be elevated as a Judge of the Supreme Court of India?
- a. Justice Parbati Kumar Goswami
 - b. Justice Baharul Islam
 - c. Justice K.N. Saikia
 - d. Justice B.L. Hansaria
7. Which Article of the Constitution of India states that, "*There shall be a High Court for each State*"?
- a. Article 212
 - b. Article 241
 - c. Article 214
 - d. Article 221
8. Which schedule was added to the Indian Constitution through the 52nd Amendment, 1985?
- a. 8th Schedule
 - b. 9th Schedule
 - c. 10th Schedule
 - d. 11th Schedule
9. The 91st Amendment to the Constitution of India provides
- a. Ceiling of the Size of Ministers.
 - b. No Enhancement of Seats of Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha till 2026.

- c. Bifurcation of the National Commission of SCs and STs.
 - d. None of the above.
10. The Supreme Court in *Aligarh Muslim University Through its Registrar Faizan Mustafa v. Naresh Agarwal*, 2024 overruled which of the following judgements?
- a. *Pramati Educational & Cultural Trust & Ors v. Union of India*, 2014.
 - b. *S. Azeez Basha & Anr. v. Union of India*, 1967.
 - c. *Central Board of Dawoodi Bohra Community & Anr. v. State of Maharashtra*, 2004.
 - d. *T.M.A. Pai Foundation & Ors v. The State of Karnataka*, 2002.
11. Which of the following recommended amendments to the Criminal Law so as to provide for quicker trial and enhanced punishments for criminals accused of committing sexual assault against women?
- a. Justice B.N. Srikrishna Committee
 - b. Justice J.S. Verma Committee
 - c. Justice J.C. Shah Commission
 - d. Justice A.K. Mathur Commission
12. Which poem starts with; “A thing of beauty is a joy for ever”?
- a. ‘Endymion’ by John Keats.
 - b. ‘Daffodils’ by William Wordsworth.
 - c. ‘The Wanderlights’ by W.B. Keats.
 - d. ‘Ode to A Nightingale’ by John Keats
13. Udham Singh Nagar District is a District in the state of **X** and is named after Indian revolutionary, Udham Singh. Identify **X**.
- a. Uttar Pradesh
 - b. Uttarakhand
 - c. Jharkhand
 - d. Punjab

14. Which of the following leaders attended all three Round Table Conferences?
- Mahatma Gandhi
 - Dr. Bhimrao Ramji Ambedkar
 - Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru
 - Pt. Madan Mohan Malviya
15. When was the Assam Accord signed?
- 14 August, 1984
 - 15 August, 1984
 - 15 August, 1985
 - 26 January, 1986.
16. With regard to its home, which among the four is correct?
- Chicken: Sty; Pig: Coop; Sheep: Pen; Rabbit: Burrow.
 - Chicken: Sty; Pig: Coop; Sheep: Burrow; Rabbit: Pen.
 - Chicken: Coop; Pig: Sty; Sheep: Pen; Rabbit: Burrow.
 - Chicken: Pen; Pig: Sty; Sheep: Coop; Rabbit: Burrow.
17. Under which of the Act, was the Gauhati High Court promulgated?
- The Constitution of India, 1950.
 - The Government of India Act, 1935.
 - The Indian Independence Act, 1947.
 - Indian High Courts Act, 1861.
18. When was the Capital of Assam shifted from Shillong to Dispur?
- 1971
 - 1972
 - 1974
 - 1973
19. Who was the President of the Provisional Government of Free India?

- a. Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru
 - b. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
 - c. Subhash Chandra Bose
 - d. Dr. Rajendra Prasad
20. When was the National Anthem of India first publicly sung?
- a. 26 January, 1950
 - b. 15 August, 1947
 - c. 27 December, 1911
 - d. 26 January, 1930.
21. Who established the Barpeta Satra in Barpeta?
- a. Srimanta Sankardev
 - b. Mahapurush Madhavdev
 - c. Damodardev
 - d. Sukaphaa
22. Who conferred Gopinath Bordoloi with the title of “Lokapriya”?
- a. Saiyid Faizal Ali
 - b. Vishnu Sahay
 - c. Bhupen Hazarika
 - d. Jayram Das Daulatram
23. Who among the following Indians have served as the President of the United Nations General Assembly?
- a. Shashi Tharoor
 - b. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit
 - c. V.K. Krishna Menon
 - d. Justice Dalveer Bhandari
24. **X** was relocated from the Chief of Army Staff’s lounge and was replaced with a new artwork titled “*Karam Kshetra*”. Identify X.

- a. Painting of the Pakistani Instrument of Surrender at Dacca.
 - b. Portrait of Field Marshall S.H.F.J. Manekshaw.
 - c. Portrait of Field Marshall K.M. Cariappa.
 - d. Portrait of Chankaya.
25. In the context of a Courtroom, what is a “Gavel”?
- a. Court Wig
 - b. The Hammer
 - c. The Witness Box
 - d. The Sitting Space of the Jury.
26. What Penal Code did the State of Jammu and Kashmir follow, prior to the abrogation of Article 370 of the Indian Constitution?
- a. Sharia Penal Code
 - b. Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita
 - c. Ranbir Penal Code
 - d. The Indian Penal Code
27. Which case resolved the controversy regarding jurisdiction in Arbitration matters after the commencement of the Commercial Courts Act of 2015?
- a. Oil and Natural Gas Pvt. Ltd. v. SAW Pipes Ltd.
 - b. Associate Builders v. Delhi Development Authority
 - c. Jaycee Housing Pvt. Ltd. v. Registrar (General), Orissa High Court
 - d. Macdermott International Inc v. Burn Standard Co. Ltd & Ors.
28. Under the Arbitration & Conciliation Act, 1996, after the constitution of the Arbitration Tribunal, an application for interim measure to the Court
- a. Can be entertained as of right.
 - b. Cannot be entertained
 - c. Can only be entertained when section 17 remedy is not efficacious.
 - d. Can remand the parties to invoke remedy under section 17.

29. Under Section 8(3) of the Arbitration & Conciliation Act, 1996, when an application for referring a matter to arbitration is pending, the arbitration may
- Be stayed
 - Be continued
 - Be dropped
 - Take leave of the court.
30. The collective noun of rhinoceros is
- Group
 - Crash
 - Team
 - Band.
31. With regard to the sound it makes, which of the following is correct?
- Frog: Ribbit; Pig: Oink; Hyena: Bleat; Goat: Laugh.
 - Frog: Bleat; Pig: Oink; Hyena: Ribbit; Goat: Laugh.
 - Frog: Ribbit; Pig: Bleat; Hyena: Oink; Goat: Laugh.
 - Frog: Ribbit; Pig: Oink; Hyena: Laugh; Goat: Bleat.
32. Which one of the following is a play which is not written by William Shakespeare?
- Much Ado About Nothing.
 - Two Gentlemen of Verone.
 - Caesar and Cleopatra.
 - Measure for Measure.
33. In an interpleader suit,
- There are more than one plaintiff with separate causes of action.
 - The plaintiff claims no interest in the subject matter of dispute.
 - The plaintiff gives a condition that he may be replaced by another.

- d. The defendant can claim for the same relief as that of the plaintiff.
34. In a class of 40 students, 25 play football, 20 play basketball, and 10 play both. How many students play neither sport?
- 5
 - 10
 - 15
 - 20
35. Under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the term “industrial dispute” has
- Been defined under Section 2(k).
 - Been defined under Section 2(j).
 - Been defined under Section 2(s).
 - Not been defined.
36. With regard to an Award/Settlement under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the same
- Can be executed by filing a writ petition.
 - Can be executed as a decree of a civil court.
 - Can be executed by filing a contempt petition.
 - Cannot be executed as there is no prescribed mechanism for the same.
37. Section 17B of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 deals with what among the following?
- Persons on whom settlements and awards are binding.
 - Publication of reports and awards.
 - Payment of full wages to workman pending proceedings in higher courts.
 - Period of operations of settlements and awards.

38. With regard to the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955, when can a marriage be declared void?
- Either of the party is incapable of expressing valid consent.
 - The bridegroom has not completed 21 years of age and the bride has not completed 18 years of age.
 - Either of the parties has been subject to recurring attacks of insanity.
 - None of the above.
39. Under which section of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955, is the punishment for bigamy prescribed?
- Section 17
 - Section 18
 - Section 21C
 - Not been prescribed.
40. The period of limitation for preferring appeal under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 was awarded pursuant to which judgement?
- Dr. Manmohan Singh v. Chandra Mohan.*
 - Savitri Pandey v. Prem Chandra Pandey.*
 - Rajnish v. Neha.*
 - Dharmendra Kumar v. Usha Kumar.*
41. Under the Hindu Succession Act, 1956, which among the following is not a Class I heir?
- Widow of a pre-deceased son.
 - Son's daughter's son.
 - Son of a pre-deceased daughter.
 - Daughter of a pre-deceased daughter.
42. If TABLE is coded as UCEPJ, then CHAIR is coded as?

- a. DIBJS
- b. DJDMW
- c. DJCNX
- d. EJCKT

43. A Judge can write 3 judgements in 5 hours. How long will it take for 4 judges, working simultaneously, to write 12 judgements?

- a. 5 hours.
- b. 6 hours.
- c. 8 hours.
- d. 12 hours.

44. In a particular year, 60% of the cases in a court were civil, and the remaining were criminal. If 120 criminal cases were filed, how many total cases were filed in that year?

- a. 180
- b. 200
- c. 300
- d. 320

45. "If a person is convicted under Section 101 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 he can be sentenced to either life imprisonment or death. If the court imposes life imprisonment, the person will serve the sentence in a high-security prison."

Which of the following is a valid conclusion based on the statement?

- a. All murder convicts serve their sentences in a high-security prison.
- b. A convict sentenced to life imprisonment must serve their sentence in a high-security prison.
- c. A convict under Section 101 will always receive a death sentence.
- d. Only murder convicts are sentenced to life imprisonment.

46. Under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, an individual workman can directly raise a dispute-
- With regard to his retrenchment and dismissal.
 - With regard to his suspension and transfer.
 - With regard to strike and lock out.
 - Cannot raise a dispute individually.
47. In *Mithu v. State of Punjab*, 1983, the Hon'ble Supreme Court struck down which section of the erstwhile Indian Penal Code, 1860?
- Section 301
 - Section 303
 - Section 377
 - Section 302
48. **X** is a Latin term which carves out an exception to the strict interpretation of hearsay evidence and is incorporated in the Indian Evidence Act, 1872. Name **X**.
- Factum Juridicum*
 - Ipsa Facto*
 - Res Gestae*
 - Dominus Litis*
49. Under Section 37 of the Arbitration & Conciliation Act, 1996, with regard to appeal
- No appeal lies for orders passed under Section 8
 - Appeal lies for all orders passed under Section 8
 - Appeals lies only for orders referring to Arbitration under Section 8.
 - Appeal lies only for orders refusing to refer to arbitration under Section 8.

50. Test Identification Parade (TIP) is relatable to which provision of the following law-
- a. Section 161 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 corresponding to Section 180 of the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023.
 - b. Section 164 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 corresponding to Section 183 of the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023.
 - c. Section 9 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1871 corresponding to Section 7 of the Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023.
 - d. None of the Above.
51. Who was the first Judge of the Supreme Court of India to be directly elevated from the Bar who went on to be the Chief Justice of India?
- a. Justice S.M. Sikri
 - b. Justice Kuldeep Singh
 - c. Justice A.M. Ahmadi
 - d. Justice U.U Lalit
52. Which of the following is correct with regard to confession made before a police officer?
- a. The same is not admissible under all circumstances.
 - b. The same is admissible as evidence.
 - c. The part of the evidence which leads to discovery is admissible.
 - d. The same is admissible only when it is corroborated with other evidence.

53. Who first coined the term “basic structure” with regard to the Constitution of India?
- Justice Y.V. Chandrachud in *Kesavanda Bharati v. State of Kerala*, 1973.
 - Justice J.R. Mudholkar in *Sajjan Singh v. State of Rajasthan*, 1965.
 - Justice M. Hidayatullah in *I.C. Golaknath v. State of Punjab*, 1967.
 - Justice H.J. Kania in *Shankari Prasad v. Union of India*, 1951.
54. Which of the following is a newly incorporated offence in the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023?
- Consumption of Alcohol in Places of Worship.
 - Desertion of Parents.
 - Terrorist Act.
 - Harboring deserter.
55. A mutual mistake of the parties in an instrument, which does not express their real intention, can be rectified by either party to the instrument;
- By filing a suit under the Registration Act, 1908.
 - By filing an Application under Section 152 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.
 - By instituting a suit under Section 26 of the Specific Relief Act, 1963.
 - By filing an application before the Registrar.
56. Whereas the last section of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 was Section 511, what is the last section of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023?
- Section 356
 - Section 511

- c. Section 358
- d. Section 395

57. What was the total number of Articles in the original constitution of India adopted in 1950?

- a. 395
- b. 359
- c. 369
- d. 445

58. Who drafted the Preamble in the Constitution of India?

- a. Dr. Bhimrao Ramji Ambedkar
- b. Dr. Rajendra Prasad
- c. Motilal Nehru
- d. Pt. J.L. Nehru

59. In which year was the first amendment to the Constitution of India made?

- a. 1950
- b. 1951
- c. 1953
- d. 1954

60. Who among the following has held the office of the Acting Chief Justice of India?

- a. Justice K. Subba Rao
- b. Justice K.N. Wanchoo
- c. Justice M. Hidayatullah
- d. Justice J.C. Shah

61. With regard to leading questions in the Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023, which of the following is correct?
- Leading questions can be asked in Examination-in-Chief if not objected by the adverse party.
 - Leading questions can be asked in Examination-in-Chief even if objected by the adverse party with the prior permission of the court.
 - Leading questions can be asked in cross examination.
 - All of the above.
62. Who was the first Governor General of the Dominion of India?
- Lord Louis Mountbatten.
 - Chakravarti Rajagopalachari
 - General K.M. Cariappa
 - Dr. Rajendra Prasad
63. Connect the following; “The State Of The Nation”, “You Must Know Your Constitution”, “God Save The Honourable Supreme Court”, “Before Memory Fades”.
- Books by Soli Sorabjee.
 - Poems by Kapil Sibal.
 - Books by F.S. Nariman.
 - Books by Nani Palkhivala.
64. Which case marked the end of jury trials in India?
- Rustom Pavri v. The State of Bombay.
 - K.M. Nanavati v. The State of Maharashtra.
 - Bachan Singh v. The State of Punjab.
 - Sunil Batra v. Delhi Administration & Ors.

65. *“I part with the records with a cold shudder. The Chief Justice was good enough to tell us that the acting President saw him during the time we were considering judgement after having already announced the order that there was mention of this pending matter during the conversation. I have given this revelation the most anxious thought and even the strongest judicial restraint which a judge would prefer to exercise, leaves me no option but to place this on record hoping that the majesty of the high office of the President, who should be beyond the high watermark of any controversy, suffers not in future.”*

The above remarks are an excerpt from a judgement of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. Identify the Judge and the case.

- a. Justice Hans Raj Khanna in ADM Jabalpur, 1976.
- b. Justice P.K. Goswami in State of Rajasthan v. Union of India, 1977.
- c. Justice R.F. Nariman in Shreya Singhal v. Union of India, 2015.
- d. Justice S. Fazal Ali in A.K. Gopalan v. State of Madras, 1950.

66. Which among the following is not a relevant consideration u/s 23 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, for determining compensation?

- a. Market value of the land at the time of the notification.
- b. Damage sustained by the person interested for standing crops.
- c. Damage sustained by the person interested for moveable property.
- d. The monthly income of the person interested.

67. In the famous case of ADM Jabalpur before the Hon'ble Supreme Court, in which Justice H.R. Khanna dissented, what is the name of the writ petitioner?

- a. Sreekanth Shukla
- b. Shivkant Shukla
- c. Suresh Shukla
- d. Shireesh Shukla

68. As of now, there are how many operational bridges over the Brahmaputra?
- 6
 - 7
 - 5
 - 4
69. In which case did the Hon'ble Supreme Court overruled its judgement of ADM Jabalpur, 1976?
- S.R. Bommai v Union of India*, 1991.
 - Justice K.S. Puttaswamy (Retd.) v. Union of India*, 2017.
 - Lily Thomas v. Union of India*, 2013.
 - Navtej Singh Johar v. Union of India*, 2018.
70. Who was the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom when India gained its Independence?
- Winston Churchill
 - Clement Atlee
 - Anthony Eden
 - Harold Macmillan
71. Under Section 14 of the Limitation Act, 1963, exclusion of time is prescribed
- For prosecuting with due diligence in good faith in a civil proceeding before a court lacking jurisdiction.
 - For prosecuting with due diligence in good faith in a criminal proceeding before a court lacking jurisdiction.
 - For prosecuting with due diligence in good faith in both civil and criminal proceedings before a court lacking jurisdiction.
 - None of the above.

72. Where the mortgagor delivers possession or expressly or by implication binds himself to deliver possession of the mortgaged property to the mortgagee, and authorizes him to retain such possession until payment of the mortgage-money, and to receive the rents and profits accruing from the property or any part of such rents and profits and to appropriate the same in lieu of interest or in payment of the mortgage-money, or partly in lieu of interest or partly in payment of the mortgage-money, the transaction is called a:
- Simple Mortgage.
 - Usufructuary Mortgage.
 - English Mortgage.
 - Anomalous Mortgage.
73. *V. Dhanapal Chetiar v. Yesodai Ammal*, 1979 is a landmark case on
- Section 106 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882 with regard to notice.
 - Section 12 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872 with regard to unsoundness of mind.
 - Section 13 of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 with regard to divorce.
 - Section 11 of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 with regard to restitution of conjugal rights.
74. The concept of Ownership is classified as
- de facto*
 - de jure*
 - ipso facto*
 - res ipsa loquitur*
75. Which proposition below is most inconsistent with John Stuart Mill's assertion that suppressing speech implies a presumption of infallibility and that truth can only emerge through the free exchange of ideas?
- Freedom of speech is a social good.

- b. Truth can be determined objectively.
 - c. Rationality typically triumphs in debates.
 - d. Speech should be restricted if deemed immoral.
76. The physical force of the State behind the law is called
- a. Governancc
 - b. Public Order
 - c. Sanction
 - d. Restriction
77. The Swadeshi Movement that began in 1905 was initially a response to which British Policy?
- a. Introduction of the Rowlatt Act, which curtailed Civil Liberties.
 - b. Partition of Bengal, which divided the region on communal lines.
 - c. British Control over salt production and sale in India.
 - d. Establishment of the Council Act of 1909, reducing Indian representation.
78. What is the process of systematic arrangement of rules in a single document concerning a particular subject in a way as to avoid inconsistency and overlapping called?
- a. Legislation
 - b. Prescription
 - c. Codification
 - d. Administration
79. The Theory of Utility was propounded by
- a. Henry Maines
 - b. Jeremy Bentham
 - c. Roscoc Pound
 - d. Karl Marx

80. Which of the contracts are not specifically enforceable?
- a. A contract for non performance of which compensation is an adequate relief.
 - b. A contract which is by nature terminable.
 - c. A contract that runs into such minute details which is so dependent on the personal qualification or violation of the parties or otherwise its nature is such that the court cannot enforce specific performance of its material items.
 - d. All of the above.
81. Arrange the following in chronological order of sections as outlined in the Motor Vehicles Act, 2019
- I. Procedure and Power of Claim Tribunal.
 - II. Award of Claim Tribunals.
 - III. Claim Tribunals.
 - IV. Application for Compensation.
- a. I, II, III, IV
 - b. I, III, II, IV
 - c. III, II, I, IV
 - d. III, IV, II, I
82. Under Section 10 of the Registration Act, 1908, when any Registrar is absent otherwise than on duty in his district and the Inspector General fails to appoint any person for performing the duties of the Registrar, the **X** within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the Registrar's office is situated, shall be the Registrar. Identify **X**.
- a. Collector.
 - b. Sub-Divisional Magistrate.
 - c. Tahsildar.
 - d. Judge of the District Court.

83. Who was the only Chief Justice of India who began his judicial career in the district judiciary, subsequently advanced to the position of a High Court Judge, was appointed to the Supreme Court, and eventually retired as Chief Justice?
- Justice A.N. Ray
 - Justice Sabyasachi Mukharji
 - Justice A.M. Ahmadi
 - Justice J.S. Verma
84. Under which of the following cases, the court fees under the Court Fees Act, 1870, shall not be computed according to the amount at which relief is sought by the plaintiff?
- For moveable property having market value.
 - For moveable property of no market-value.
 - For an injunction.
 - For easement.
85. What was the name of Srimanta Sankardeva's mother?
- Satyasandhya Devi
 - Kherkhuti
 - Kalindi
 - Manorama Bhuyan
86. Bishnu Prasad Rabha was honored with the title of "*Kalaguru*", for his recital of the Tandava dance at Varanasi. Who bestowed the title upon him?
- Mahatma Gandhi
 - Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan
 - Chakravarti Rajagopalachari
 - Gopinath Bordoloi

87. Connect the following; “*Bhaja Govindam*”, “Our Culture”, “*Mahabharata*”, “Rescue Democracy From Money Power”.
- Documentaries by Shyam Benegal.
 - Books by Chakravarti Rajagopalachari.
 - Articles by Dr. Manmohan Singh.
 - Documentaries by Govind Nihalani.
88. Fundamental duties were incorporated into the Constitution through which amendment?
- The Constitution (Twenty-fourth Amendment) Act, 1971.
 - The Constitution (Forty-second Amendment) Act, 1976.
 - The Constitution (Forty-fourth Amendment) Act, 1978.
 - The Constitution (Fifty-second Amendment) Act, 1985.
89. “Where a power is given to do a certain thing in a certain way the thing must be done in that way or not at all. Other methods of performance are necessarily forbidden.” The above is an excerpt from which of the following landmark case?
- Commissioner of Police, Bombay v. Gordhandas Bhanji*, 1952
 - Nazir Ahmed v. King Emperor*, 1936
 - The Purtabpore Co. Ltd. v. Cane Commissioner of Bihar*, 1969
 - State of Uttar Pradesh v. Singhara Singh*, 1963.
90. A compromise decree was passed by the High Court as per Order XXIII Rule 3 of CPC. However, one of the parties sought to restore the compromise proceedings upon filing a recall application before the High Court alleging breach of compromise terms recorded between the parties. Decide.
- Once compromise is recorded between the parties then it cannot be recalled.

- b. There's a complete bar on the filing of an appeal against the compromise decree.
- c. Filing a recall application would be the only remedy available against the compromise decree.
- d. Both (b) and (c)

91. লক্ষ্মীনাথ বেজবৰুৱা অসম সাহিত্য সভাৰ সভাপতি কোন চনত হৈছিল ?

- a. ১৯২০ b. ১৯২৬ c. ১৯২৪ d. ১৯২৮

92. তলত কোন গৰাকী ব্যক্তি 'জোনাকী যুগৰ' ত্ৰিমূৰ্ত্তি নহয় ?

- a. জ্যোতিপ্ৰসাদ আগৰৱালা b. চন্দ্ৰকুমাৰ আগৰৱালা
c. লক্ষ্মীনাথ বেজবৰুৱা d. হেমচন্দ্ৰ গোস্বামী

93. অসমীয়া গদ্য সাহিত্যৰ জনক কোন ?

- a. ভট্টদেৱ b. বিষ্ণুপ্ৰসাদ ৰাভা c. পাৰ্বতী প্ৰসাদ বৰুৱা d. ড° ভূপেন হাজৰিকা

94. অসমৰ জাতীয় সংগীতৰ সুৰকাৰ কোন ?

- a. বিষ্ণুপ্ৰসাদ ৰাভা b. প্ৰসন্ন লাল চৌধুৰী
c. কমলা প্ৰসাদ আগৰৱালা d. ড° ভূপেন হাজৰিকা

95. 'ডাঙৰি' শব্দৰ অৰ্থ হৈছে-

- a. পথাৰৰ পৰা কঢ়িয়াই আনিবলৈ বন্ধা ধানৰ ডাঙৰ মুঠা c. মাটিৰে সজা চৌকা
b. ঢেঁকীৰে ধান বনা শীল d. খেতি কৰা সঁজুলী

96. প্ৰথম অসমীয়া মাহেকীয়া আলোচনী 'অৰুনোদই' কোন চনত প্ৰকাশ কৰিছিল ?

- a. ১৮৩৮ b. ১৮৪৬ c. ১৮৪২ d. ১৮৪৮

