## THE GAUHATI HIGH COURT AT GUWAHATI

(The High Court of Assam, Nagaland, Mizoram and Arunachal Pradesh) Written Examination (OMR based Objective Type Question with Multiple Choices)in connection with direct recruitment to Grade-III, Assam Judicial Service 2023

Total Marks:100 Date: 21.05.2023 (Sunday) Duration: 2 Hours Time: 10 A.M. to 12 NOON

Each Question carries 1 (one) mark. There is no negative marking.

## LAW SECTION

- 1. Police remand under CrPC can be given for a maximum period of:

   (A) 10 days
   (B) 15 days

   (C) 14 days
   (D) None of the above
- For an offence punishable upto 10 years imprisonment, the right to default bail U/S 167 CrPC ripens on the :

   (A) 60<sup>th</sup> day
   (B) 90<sup>th</sup> day
   (C) 61<sup>st</sup> day
   (D) None of the above

3. Statutory period U/S 167 CrPC is calculated from:

(A) date of first remand	(B) date of arrest
(C) date of jail custody	(D) None of the above

4. The case Priyanka Srivastava V. State of UP pertains to:
(A) Power of Magistrate in directing police investigation
(B) Sentence hearing
(C) Examination U/S 313 CrPC

(D) None of the above

5. In a case requiring prosecution, sanction U/S 197 CrPC, cognizance can be taken: (A) Without the sanction (C) Optional at the stage of cognizance (D) None of the above

6. Under Section 30 CrPC, imprisonment in default of fine can be upto:

 (A) one third of the prescribed sentence
 (B) one- half of the prescribed sentence
 (C) one fourth of the prescribed sentence
 (D) None of the above

 7. Section 235(2) CrPC pertains to:

- (A) Sentence hearing
  - (C) Evidence in summons cases (D) None of the above
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(B) Set Off

8. Enquiry or investigation U/S 202 CrPC before issuing process where accused resides beyond the Magistrate's territorial jurisdiction is:

(A) Mandatory

(B) Discretionary

(D) None of the above

- (C) Mandatory in case of certain offences only
- 9. U/S 216 CrPC, Court has the power to add or alter charge
  - (A)Only prior to examination U/S 313 CrPC
  - (B) Only prior to conclusion of arguments
  - (C) Before pronouncement of Judgment
  - (D) None of the above

10. In a summons case, the Magistrate -

- (A) is empowered to discharge the accused
- (B) is not empowered to discharge the accused
- (C) is empowered only upon an application by accused
- (D) None of the above
- 11. Section 34 IPC is a (A)Substantive offence

(C)Rule of evidence

- (B)Procedure (D) None of the above
- 12. Which of the following penal provisions do not pertain to criminal vicarious liability (A)Section 120 B IPC (B)Section 34 IPC (C) Section 149 IPC (D) Section 511 IPC
- 13. A sentence for imprisonment for life is treated as-(A)Rigorous imprisonment (B)Simple imprisonment (C)Partly rigorous partly simple imprisonment (D) None of the above
- 14. Imprisonment in default of payment of fine is in the nature of-(A)Sentence (B)Penalty (C)Both sentence and penalty
  - (D) None of the above

15. The entire law relating to private defence is codified (B) Sections 110 -116 IPC (A)Sections 90 -95 IPC (C) Sections 96 -106 IPC (D) None of the above

- 16. A person can commit abetment of an offence by: (A)Instigation (B)Conspiracy (D) All the above (C)Aid
- 17. Find the odd man out of the following-(A)Section 302 IPC (B) Section 304 Part I of IPC (C) Section 304 Part II of IPC (D) Section 304 A of IPC
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18. Which of the following are essential ingredient	ts of the offence of theft-
(A)Dishonest intention	(B)Moving the property
(C ) Both A) and B) above	(D) None of the above
19. The intention to cause death to constitute hom	nicide can be discernible from –
(A)Nature of weapon	(B)Manner of assault
(C) Number of injuries	(D) All the above
20. Preparation of offence is also punishable unde	r IPC in case of –
(A)Theft	(B)Dacoity
(C) Murder	(D) Rape
21. Under Section 118 of Indian Evidence Act, 187 competent witness-	2 who amongst the following is/are
(A)Accused	(B)Child
(C) Lunatic	(D) All the above
22. Which of the following can be aspects of circur	nstantial evidence-
(A) Motive	(B)Last seen together
(C) Alibi	(D) All the above
23. 'A 'is charged with travelling on a railway with he had a ticket is on-	out a ticket. The burden of proving that
(A) 'A' himself	(B) Railway
(C) Both (A) and (B)	(D) None of the above
24. For conviction in a murder case, recovery of de	ad body is-
(A)Essential	(B)Not essential
(C) Information not adequate	(D) Conditional
25. Conviction can be based on the testimony of a	single witness also. This principle is
incorporated in the following provision of India	
(A)Section 133	(B)Section 134
(C) Section 119	(D) None of the above
26. Punishment in criminal cases is-	n kan ga kutaken ni siyay ku
(A)Punitive	(B)Reformative
(C) Both Punitive and reformative	(D) None of the above
27. What is the evidentiary value of a hostile witne	ess-
(A)cannot be relied upon	
(B)can be relied upon	
(C) can be relied upon to the extent it support	s prosecution case

(D) None of the above

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28. Which of the following statement is correct-

- (A) Admission is conclusive proof of matter admitted
- (B) Admission is not conclusive proof of matter admitted
- (C) Admission is not conclusive proof of matter admitted though it may sometimes operate as estoppel in circumstances.
- (D) None of the above
- 29. The essential ingredients of section 27 Evidence Act are-
  - (A) Person accused of an offence
  - (B) Person in custody of a police officer
  - (C)Fact discovered pursuant to information given by such person
  - (D)All of the above
- 30. Tahsildar Singh V. State of U.P. is a leading case of the Supreme Court on-

ce Act
(B)Right to fair trial
(D)All of the above
igible for appointment as
(B)20 years
(D) 10 years
ple is incorporated in the
(B)Article 21
(D) Article 22

34. Judicial Review powers can be exercised under-	
(A)Article 32 of the Constitution	(B)Article 226 of the
	Constitution
(C )Both (A) and (B)	(D) None of the Above

 35. The term ' Fraternity' in the Preamble of the Indian Constitution means a sense of

 (A)Friendliness
 (B)Statehood

 (C)Brotherhood
 (D) Love and Affection

36. The doctrine of double jeopardy under the consti	tution means-
(A)No one can be tried and punished more than o	
(B)One can be tried more than once but punished	d only once.
(C)One can be tried and punished more than onc	e
(D)One cannot be punished for an offence which	did not exist at the time of the act.
37. Under the Transfer of Property Act-	
(A)The salary of a Public Officer can be transferred	
(B)The salary of a Public Officer cannot be transf	erred
(C )No such provision is found in the Act	
(D)None of the above	
38. Section 53-A of the Transfer of Property Act deal	s with-
(A)Lis Pendens	(B)Part Performance
(C )Mesne Profit	(D) Actionable claim
39. Under the Transfer of Property Act, Rules against	Perpetuity has been codified in-
(A)Section 17	(B)Section 16
(C)Section 15	(D) Section 14
40. Section 123 of the Transfer of Property Act is not	applicable to
	(B)Buddhists
(A)Christians	
(C)Jains	(D) Muslims
41. Which of the following can be transferred under	the provisions of the Transfer of
Property Act?	
(A)The right to mesne profits	
(B) A decree for mesne profits	
(C) A transfer of Property to a concubine for futu	re co-habitation
(D) A sub lease of a farm for the retail sale of opin	um.
42. Charge under the Transfer of Property Act can be	created by-
(A) Act of parties	(B) Operation of Law
(C)Both (A) and (B)	
a di anggina Masa mpuka a manada	

- 43. Under the provisions of Section 60 A of the Transfer of Property Act, where a mortgagor is entitled to redemption, he may require the mortgagee, instead of re-transfering the property, to assign the mortgage debt and transfer the mortgaged property to such third person as the mortgagor may direct, then the mortgagor-
  - (A) Is not bound to assign and transfer accordingly
  - (B) Is bound to assign and transfer accordingly.
  - (C) Is bound if the mortgagor assents
  - (D) None of the above.
- 44. A gift of immovable property effected by a deed of gift but brought about by undue influence of the donee, though the donor acted voluntarily in making it:

(A) Is void

(A) 1880 (C) 1882

(B) Is valid and binding

(C) Is voidable at the donee's option

(D) Is voidable at the option of donor

45. The Transfer of Property Act was enacted in the Year-

(B)1881 (D)None of the above

46. According to the Transfer of Property Act-

(A) Instrument means a non-testamentary instrument

(B) Testamentary instrument

(C) Both testamentary and non-testamentary instrument.

(D) None of the above

47. The word `resides' used in section 19 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 is used for: (A) Natural persons (C) Tort (D) None of the above

- 48. Bar to further suit is dealt with under the following provision of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908:
  - (A) Section 11(B) Section 12(C) Section 13(D) None of the above
- 49. In execution of a decree for maintenance, salary of a person can be affected to the extent of-

(A) One-fourth	(B) One-third
(C ) Two-third	(D) One-half

50. In every plaint under Section 26 CPC, facts be proved by-

(A) Oral evidence	(B) Affidavit
(C) Document	(D)Oral evidence and document

(A) One month (C) 15 days (B) Two months (D) 90 days

52. An executing Court can-

(A) Modify terms of the decree

(B) Vary the terms of the decree

- (C) Modify and vary the terms of the decree
- (D) Neither modify nor vary the terms of the decree
- 53. A `garnishee' is a-

(A) Judgment debtor

- (B) Judgment debtor's debtor
- (C) Judgment debtor's creditor
- (D) None of the above

54. Section 21 of CPC cures-

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- (A) Want of subject matter jurisdiction
- (B) Want of pecuniary jurisdiction
- (C) Want of territorial jurisdiction

(D) Both (B) and (C)

- 55. The following provision of Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 deals with the consequences of disobdedience of an injunction granted by the Court-
  - (A) Order 39, Rule 1
  - (B) Order 39, Rule 2-A
  - (C) Order 39, Rule 2
  - (D) Order 39, Rule 3
- 56. Jurisdiction of a Court refers to the power or the extent of the authority of the Court to administer justice with reference to-
  - A) Local limits
  - B) Subject matter of litigation
  - C) Pecuniary value
  - D) All of the above
- 57. 'C' rents out a music hall to 'X' for a series of music concerts for certain days. The hall gets completely destroyed by fire before the scheduled date of concerts. In this cases-
  - (A) 'C' cannot be discharged from performance of Contract

(B) Contract becomes voidable at the option of X

- (C) The contract is discharged by impossibility of performance
- (D) The contract is void ab initio.

58. A counter offer is-

- (A) An invitation to an offer
- (B) An acceptance of the offer
- (C) A rejection of original offer
- (D) Bargain
- 59. An agreement not to pursue legal remedy but to refer the dispute to arbitrator U/S 28 of Indian Contract Act, 1872-

(A) Void

(B) Voidable

(C) Valid

- (D) None of the above
- 60. The rules laid down in case of MC Mehta V. Union of India, AIR 1987 SC 965 (Oleum Gas leak case) is-

- (A) Identical with the Rule of Strict Liability in Rylands v. Fletcher
- (B) More liberal than rules in Rylands v. Fletcher
- (C) More stringent than rules in Rylands v. Fletcher
- (D)Totally unconnected with the rules in Rylands v. Fletcher

## GENERAL KNOWLEDGE SECTION

- 61. Who amongst the following persons was not a former Chief Justice of Gauhati High Court-
  - (A) Justice Sudhanshu Dhulia (B) Justice RM Chhaya

(C ) Justice Muralidhar

(D) Justice Ajit Singh

- 62. Which Bollywood movie was made on the theme of 'grave and sudden provocation'. (A) Badla (B) Rustom
  - (C) Talaash
- (D) None of the above

(B) Soli Sorabjee

63. Jacob Mathew v. State of Punjab is a leading case of Supreme Court on the subject of –
(A) Police Encounter
(B) Public Service
(C) Medical Negligence
(D) None of the above

64. In the case of Mahender Chawla v. Union of India, the Supreme Court issued important directions on the subject of-

(A) Witness Protection			(B) Arrest
(C) Registration of FIR			(D) None of the above
65. The famous Judge who was associ		the Habea	as Corpus case was-
(A) Justice Dalveer Bhandari			(B) Justice RM Lodha
(C ) Justice Hans Raj Khanna			(D) None of the above

66. The book ` Before Memory Fades' has been written by-(A) Harish Salve

(C )Shanti Bhusan	(D) Fali S Nariman

67. The National Investigation Agency (NIA) was established by Govt. of India to investigate -

(A) Terrorism related crimes	(B) Corruption cases
(C) Drugs related cases	(D) All of the above

68. The object of the following writ is to prevent a person to hold Public Office which he is not legally entitled to hold-

(A) Mandamus	(B) Certiorari
(C ) Quo warranto	(D) Prohibition
69. Election Commision is a –	
(A) Constitutional Body	(B) Political Body
(C) Quasi-Judicial and Quasi political body	(D) Judicial Body

70. World Consumer rights day is on-(A)5<sup>th</sup> June (B) 15<sup>th</sup> March (C) 10<sup>th</sup> April (D) 15<sup>th</sup> September ENGLISH AND APTITUDE SECTION 71. Doctor is related to diagnosis in the same way as Judge is related to-(A) Court (B)Punishment (C)Lawyer (D)Judgment 72. Constitution is to amendment as book is to -(A) Errata (B)Contents (C)Preface (D)Acknowledgment 73. An 'encumbrance' in legal parlance is a -(A) Grant of property (B)Gift of property (C)Restriction on property (D)Liability on property 74. In a certain language MADRAS is coded as NBESBT, than how is BOMBAY coded in that language-(A) CPNCBX (B)CPNCBZ (C)CPOCBZ (D)None of the above 75. Doli Incapax implies-(A) Incapable of crime (B)New decision (C)Immatured Act (D)None of the above 76. Judges of the High court are appointed by -(A) Chief Justice of India (B) Chief Justice of the High Court (C)President of India (D) Prime Minister 77. Arun said "this girl is the wife of the son of the only child of my mother". Who is Arun to the girl? (A) Father (B) Grandfather (C)Husband (D)Father-in-law 78. Your conduct smacks .....recklessness. (A) Of (B) with (C)from (D) in 79. Choose the correctly spelt word-(B)Exedgerate (A) Exagerate

(C)Exaggerate

80. Choose the wrongly spelt word-

(A) Illegal

(C)Illegitimate

(B)Illitrate (D)Illegible

(D)Exeggerate

81. "Subpoena" means-

(A) Under judicial consideration

(B) To maintain present state of affairs

(C) An order of a Court to a person to appear and give evidence before it.

(D) Minimum of persons necessary for conduct of Parliament proceedings

82. The Judge disposed.....the matter within a short period (A) Off (C) With (D) Nil

83. Which of the following is always found in 'Bravery'?

(A) Courage	(B)Experience
(C)Power	(D)Knowledge

84. Statement- All terrorists are guilty. All terrorists are criminals. Therefore, conclusion is-(A) Either all criminals are guilty or all guilty are criminals.

(B) Some guilty persons are criminals.

(C) Generally criminals are guilty.

(D)Crime and guilt go together.

85. Statement- Some bottles are drinks. All drinks are cups. Therefore, conclusion is-

(A) Some bottles are cups

(B) Some cups are drinks

(C) All drinks are bottles

(D)Both (A) and (B)

86. If misdemeanor: Felony, then-

(A) Mishap : Catastrope

(B) Crime: Degree

(C) Thief: Burglar

(D) Police: Prison

87. If Lawyer : Litigation, then-

(A) Lexicographer: Copy

(B) Marauder: Pillage

(C) Harbinger: Mask

(D) Director: Board

88. If Preamble : Constitution, then

(A) Word: Dictionary

(B) Contents: Magazine

(C) Explanation: Poetry

(D) Preface: Book 89. {Majlis: Diet:Knessat}. What do these have in common? (A) These are foreign languages (B) These are Parliaments of Countries (C) These are names of foods eaten in different countries (D) These are old names of certain Countries 90. The President of USA has the following term limits-(A) Two 5 year terms (B) Two 4 year terms (C) Single 4 year term (D)No term limit ASSAMESE SECTION 91. পিতলৰ বাচন-বৰ্তন আদি গঢ়া লোকক কোৱা হয়-(A) (সাनाबी) (B) मूरि (D) मबीया (C)ঠঠাৰি 92. কোন কবিয়ে ভাগৱত অসমীয়ালৈ অনুবাদ কৰিছিল ? (A) শংকৰদেৱ (B)মাধৱদেৱ (C) হেমচন্দ্র বৰুরা (D)ৰঘুদেৱ লাৰামূল 93. কোনজন অসমীয়া কবি অসমৰ "ৱৰ্ডছৱৰ্থ" (Wordsworth) ৰুপে পৰিচিত ? (B)ৰঘুলাথ চৌধুৰী (A) **হিতেশ্ৱৰ বৰু**ৱা (C)দুৰ্গেশ্ৱৰ শৰ্মা (D)জ্যোতি প্ৰসাদ আগৰৱালা 94. 'দতাঁল' শব্দৰ স্ত্ৰীলিংগ কি ? (A) দাঁতলি (B) দতাঁলি (C)माथून्मी (D) জাঁই 95. হৰ্ষ শব্দৰ বিপৰীত অৰ্থ কি ? (A) লিকৃষ্ট (B) মংকীর্ন (D) বিসর্জল (C) বিষাদ 96. তলৰ কোনটো শব্দ 'আকাশ' শব্দৰ সমাৰ্থক শব্দ নহয়-(A) नीलिमा (B) ব্যোম

(C)গগন (D) ৰজনী

97. 'নমস্কাৰ' শব্দৰ সন্ধি ভাঙিলে তলৰ কোনটো শুদ্ধ হ'ব-

(A) <b>লম:</b> + কাৰ		(B) <b>ল</b> + মস্কাৰ
(C) <b>লম</b> + স্কাৰ		(D) <b>লম + স্থাৰ</b>
Advocate' শব্দটোৰ অসমীয	ग कि?	

98. 'Advocate' শব্দটোৰ অসমীয়া কি?

(A) **অধিবক্তা** 

(C)অধিকাৰী

99. 'আলাসৰ লাড়ু' মানে কি ?

(A) থিতাপি লোহোৱা

(C)অশলাগী লোক

100. 'ধৰনী' শব্দৰ সমাৰ্থক শব্দ হ'ল-

(A) অভিলাষা

(C)কুসুম

(B)অতি মৰমৰ

(C)धूनीग़ा

(B)বিষয়া

(D)প্ৰাধিকাৰী

(B)লিশি (D)মেদিলী

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