

THE GAUHATI HIGH COURT AT GUWAHATI

(THE HIGH COURT OF ASSAM, NAGALAND, MIZORAM & ARUNACHAL PRADESH)

WRITTEN EXAMINATION(OMR based objective type question multiple choice) FOR DIRECT RECRUITMENT TO THE POST OF LIBRARY ASSISTANT AT KOHIMA BENCH

DATE : 05.11.2022 (SATURDAY)

TIME : 10 A.M.- 12 Noon

DURATION: 2 HOURS

TOTAL MARKS: 100

(Each question carries one mark. There is no negative marking)

LIBRARY SCIENCE

1. The restated fifth law of Library Science in the changing world is _____
a growing organism.
(a)Information System (b)Public Library
(c)Learning System (d)College Library
2. A variant to the second Law of Library Science is _____
(a)Closed access (b)Open access
(c)Books for all (d)Books for limited users
3. Who proposed the "Five Laws of Library Science"?
(a)Thomas Bray (b)Paul Otlet
(c)Grogan (d)Dr. S.R. Ranganathan
4. Public Library Development in India as a movement was initially started from _____
(a)Baroda (b)Pune
(c)Kolkata (d)Ahmedabad
5. Fourth Law of Library Science has direct implication on _____
(a)Library Building (b)Library Staff
(c)Classification and Cataloguing (d)Library Service
6. Journal of Librarianship is published by _____
(a)ASIS (b)The Library Association
(c)ILA (d)ALA

7. Materials which are most authentic and original and usually take the form of a journal article, report or a patent are _____
- (a) Primary sources (b) Secondary sources
(c) Tertiary sources (d) Bibliography
8. The printed books existed in _____
- (a) 16th century (b) 18th century
(c) 17th century (d) 19th century
9. The main types of reference & information sources are _____
- (a) Documentary (b) Mass media
(c) Non-documentary (d) Both (a) and (b)
10. Guinness Book of World Records is an example of _____
- (a) General Handbooks (b) Official Handbooks
(c) Historical Handbooks (d) Practical Handbooks
11. Geographical sources are _____
- (a) Maps, Atlases, Globes (b) Gazetteers
(c) Travel Guides (d) All of the above
12. Rules and regulations for government servants can be located from _____
- (a) Health Handbooks (b) Official Handbooks
(c) Government Manuals (d) None of the above
13. 'Book of Encyclopedia' is an example of _____ encyclopedia.
- (a) General (b) Subject
(c) Universal (d) Children
14. Almanacs are grouped into three categories namely (a) Astronomical, (b) Informational and (c) _____
- (a) Topical (b) Statistical
(c) Local (d) International
15. International Who's Who is published by _____
- (a) Europa (b) Bowker-Sour
(c) Wilson (d) Marquis
16. Detailed Classification required for macro documents is known as _____
- (a) Library Classification (b) Depth Classification

(c)Broad Classification

(d)Bibliographic Classification

17. Which theory is a theory of library classification capable of carving out a methodology for the design of a scheme for library classification?
(a)Dynamic (b)Descriptive
(c)General (d)Special
18. The book *Prolegomena to Library Classification* is written by _____
(a)Parkhi (b)Dr. S.R. Ranganathan
(c)Bhattacharyya (d)Neelameghan
19. A list of documents reflecting exactly the way the documents are arranged on the shelves are called as _____
(a)Library Catalogue (b)Shelf Register
(c)Accession Register (d)Publisher Catalogue
20. Vatican Rules of Cataloguing published in the year _____
(a)1908 (b)1852
(c)1757 (d)1927
21. Library plays a very important role in fostering the _____ development of the students.
(a)Physical (b)Psychological
(c)Spiritual (d)Intellectual
22. Public libraries have a responsibility to support _____
(a)extension education (b)formal education
(c)continuing education (d)independent education
23. The Library of Congress is the National library of _____
(a)United Kingdom (b)USA
(c)Canada (d)Switzerland
24. P.V. Verghese prize is awarded by Indian Library Association for _____
(a) best article (b)best book
(c) best library (d)best service
25. India Library Association (ILA) was founded in _____
(a)1925 (b)1930
(c)1933 (d)1940

26. Which is not a function of school library?
- (a) generating curiosity and interest among students and teachers about the materials available in library.
 - (b) to generate confidence interest in libraries for getting information.
 - (c) lending and keeping track of books and other documents to the needs and interest of teachers and students.
 - (d) to serve as a central and comprehensive collection of national output, acquired through legal deposits, gifts or exchange.
27. Which is not a collection of primary school libraries?
- (a) Folktales
 - (b) Panchatantra, Arabian Nights
 - (c) Stories of animals and birds
 - (d) Legal books
28. Library catalogue cards are filed in specially designed drawers named _____
- (a) Catalogue cabinet
 - (b) Charging tray
 - (c) Display rack
 - (d) Filing equipment
29. Who categorises documents into three types such as primary, secondary and tertiary sources?
- (a) Skeltor
 - (b) Grogan
 - (c) Ranganathan
 - (d) Hansan
30. In Encyclopedia Britannica, which acts as an index to macropaedia?
- (a) Bibliography
 - (b) Propaedia
 - (c) Micropaedia
 - (d) Introduction part
31. Technical section performs mainly two functions namely classification and _____
- (a) accessioning
 - (b) fills payment
 - (c) shelving
 - (d) cataloguing
32. The objective of library binding is _____ of the library materials.
- (a) durability
 - (b) humidity control
 - (c) proper organization
 - (d) accessibility
33. All parts and pages of a volume are correctly sequenced in first stage of binding process which is known as _____
- (a) Collation
 - (b) Serving
 - (c) Guard
 - (d) Pulling
34. Linguistic analysis of a text is _____
- (a) Textual Criticism
 - (b) External Criticism
 - (c) Internal Criticism
 - (d) None of the above

35. Library Science emerged as a discipline only _____
 (a) In the end of 19th century (b) In the starting of 20th century
 (c) In the middle of 18th century (d) None of the above
36. Library is a trinity of _____
 (a) books, readers and staff (b) books, businessmen and readers
 (c) books, semi-professional staff, building (d) books, data and automation
37. Indexing system in which the coordination of terms is done at the search stage was first introduced by _____
 (a) S.R. Ranganathan (b) Derek Austin
 (c) Morfiner Taube (d) H.P. Luhn
38. Who is the propounder of the term 'Information Transfer' ?
 (a) Ranganathan (b) B.J. Martin
 (c) Calvin Moores (d) Beesman
39. Which among the following is free audio book site?
 (a) Ebrary (b) Virtua
 (c) Librivox (d) Google books
40. Which of the following guides are used in maintenance section of the library?
 (i) Gangway guides (ii) Shelf guides (iii) Tier guides (iv) User guides
 (a) (i), (ii) and (iv) are correct (b) (i), (ii) and (iii) are correct
 (c) (ii), (iii) and (iv) are correct (d) (i), (iii) and (iv) are correct

ENGLISH AND GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

Directions (questions from 41 to 50). In each sentence below, there are two blank spaces. Below each sentence some pairs of words are given which are numbered (a), (b), (c) and (d). Pick out the most appropriate pair to fill in the blanks in same order, to complete the sentence meaningfully.

41. We must prevent endangered wild animal species from becoming _____ in order that our future generation may _____ the great diversity of animal life.
 (a) rare, escape (b) outdated, know
 (c) volatile, notice (d) extinct, enjoy
42. Santosh looked very happy and _____ when he heard that his proposed scheme was _____ by the committee.

- (a) energetic, rejected (b) elated, accepted
(c) satisfied, stalled (d) overwhelming, received
43. _____ the broker had warned him that the stock was a _____ investment, he insisted on buying a thousand shares.
(a) Although, precarious (b) Since, negligible
(c) Because, speculative (d) As, vulnerable
44. The secretary _____ the society's fund, _____ he was dismissed.
(a) misplaced, soon (b) misappropriated, so
(c) pirated, therefore (d) robbed, thus
45. I don't _____ I shall be _____ to go.
(a) know, wanting (b) consider, desirous
(c) think, able (d) believe, linking
46. It is useless to attempt to _____ from every danger, some _____ must be taken.
(a) escape, chances (b) free, challenges
(c) protect, decisions (d) flee, risks
47. Shalini was not _____ by the criticism and paid no _____ even when her best friend talked against her.
(a) bothered, attention (b) deterred, heed
(c) threatened, warning (d) shaken, indication
48. There is no glory in war _____ the blood it _____.
(a) thinking, demands (b) considering, sheds
(c) worth, costs (d) comparing, spills
49. She found _____ with me, that I was wanting in _____.
(a) crime, wisdom (b) fault, intelligence
(c) sin, ration (d) vice, knowledge
50. The new Principal _____ stress on routine administration _____ than on academic matters and examination reforms.
(a) released, only (b) laid, rather
(c) began, even (d) gave, better

Directions (questions from 51 to 55). In the following questions, out of four alternatives, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word.

51. Connote
(a)to convey (b)to conspire
(c)to print (d)to pay
52. Logical
(a)responsive (b)rational
(c)educated (d)improper
53. Abuse
(a)use (b)praise
(c)scorn (d)raise
54. Vigilant
(a)intelligent (b)ambitious
(c)smart (d)watchful
55. Squander
(a)expensive (b)waste
(c)litter (d)economical

Directions (questions from 56 to 60). Each of the following questions consist of a word or a phrase which is italicized bold in the sentence given. It is followed by four options. Select the word or phrase which is closest to the opposite in meaning of the italicized bold word or phrase.

56. One can ***acquire*** fame only by being truthful, honest and faithful.
(a)loss (b)deprive
(c)forsake (d)surrender
57. He seems to have a ***propensity*** to fight.
(a)proclivity (b)penchant
(c)skepticism (d)aversion
58. The window pane is ***transparent***.
(a)opaque (b)translucent
(c)solid (d)fragile

59. All his neighbours are aware of his **acrimonious** nature.
 (a)informal (b)sympathetic
 (c)cooperative (d)charitable
60. **Honesty** is the best policy.
 (a)sobriety (b)deceit
 (c)uprightness (d)rectitude
61. Rabindranath Tagore gave up his 'knighthood' because of
 (a)brutal suppression of civil disobedience movement
 (b)execution of Bhagat Singh
 (c)Jallianwalla Bagh tragedy
 (d)Chouri Choura incident
62. Which one of the following statements is not correct about Dadabhai Naoroji
 (a)He wrote a book "Poverty and Un-British Rule in India"
 (b)He worked as a Professor of Gujarati in the University College, London
 (c)He laid the foundation of Women's education in Bombay
 (d)He was elected as a Member of British Parliament on the ticket of the Conservative Party.
63. Who started the first English newspaper in India?
 (a)Bal Gangadhar Tilak (b)Raja Ram Mohan Roy
 (c)J.A. Hickey (d)Lord William Bentinck
64. The first newspaper published by the Indians in English language was
 (a)Hindu Patriot (b)The Hindu
 (c)Young India (d)Native Opinion
65. The mirror used by a dentist to examine the teeth of patients is
 (a)Concave (b)Convex
 (c)Plain (d)Cylindrical
66. Which is not a primary colour?
 (a)black (b) yellow
 (c) red (d) green
67. Terrace farming is done
 (a)on the slope of hills (b)in dry regions
 (c)on roof tops (d)on mountain tops

68. Who of the following is the author of the English novel 'The Namesake'?
- (a)Shobha De (b)Jhumpa Lahiri
(c)Shashi Tharoor (d)V.S. Naipal
69. The term 'plastic money' refers to _____
- (a)ATM/Credit Cards (b)Plastic Coated Currency Notes
(c)Foreign Currency Notes (d)Travelers Cheque
70. Programs such as Internet Explorer that served as navigate windows into the web are called
- (a) Networks (b) Hypertext
(c) Website (d) Web Browser
71. The brain of a computer is
- (a) Floppy Disk (b) CPU
(c) CD (d) Megabyte
72. Under which of the following articles of the Constitution of India, the State of Nagaland enjoys a special status?
- (a)Article 371A (b) Article 371B
(c) Article 371C (d) Article 371D
73. Nagaland became the 16th State of India on
- (a) 1st December, 1965 (b) 1st December, 1964
(c) 1st December, 1963 (d) 1st December, 1966
74. First Governor of the state of Nagaland was
- (a) Vishnu Sahay (b) B.K. Nehru
(c) L.P. Singh (d) S.M.H. Burney
75. State of Nagaland shares the boundary with the following states of India
- (a) Assam, Mizoram, Arunachal Pradesh (b) Tripura, Assam, Mizoram
(c) Assam, Manipur, Mizoram (d) Assam, Manipur, Arunachal Pradesh
76. Who was the first woman to be elected as President of the United Nation General Assemble?
- (a) Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit (b) Nargis Dutt
(c) Sucheta Kripalani (d) Sarojini Naidu

77. Who is known as 'Father of India's Missile Technology'?
- | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| (a) Dr U R Rao | (b) Dr APJ Abdul Kalam |
| (c) Dr Chidambaram | (d) Dr Homi Bhabha |
78. 'Plaster of Paris' is made up of
- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| (a) gypsum | (b) glass |
| (c) asbestos | (d) limestone |
79. Which of the language is not included in the 8th Schedule of the Constitution?
- | | |
|--------------|-----------|
| (a) English | (b) Hindi |
| (c) Sanskrit | (d) Urdu |
80. State Governor is appointed by
- | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| (a) Central Cabinet | (b) President of India |
| (c) Chief Justice of Supreme Court | (d) Speaker of Lok Sabha |

GENERAL APTITUDE

Directions (Question No. 81 to 83): Study the following information to answer the given questions.

Y is the sister of J. L is the wife of J. L has only one son R. K is the mother of L. K is married to D. D has only one son and only one daughter.

81. As per the given information, how is J related to K ?
- | | |
|-----------|----------------|
| (a) Son | (b) Son-in-law |
| (c) Uncle | (d) Niece |
82. As per the given information, how is R related to Y ?
- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| (a) Nephew | (b) Aunt |
| (c) Uncle | (d) Niece |
83. If L is the sister of B, then how is B related to J ?
- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| (a) Sister-in-law | (b) Cannot be determined |
| (c) Brother | (d) Brother-in-law |

Directions (Question No. 84 to 88): In these questions, what should come in place of question mark (?) in the following number series?

84. 13 13 19 43 103 ?
- | | |
|---------|---------|
| (a) 221 | (b) 227 |
| (c) 223 | (d) 217 |

85. 27 13 12 16.5 ? 75
 (a) 31 (b) 29
 (c) 37 (d) 33
86. 17 19 42 132 ? 2690
 (a) 532 (b) 544
 (c) 529 (d) 536
87. 25 29 67 217 ? 4501
 (a) 927 (b) 893
 (c) 885 (d) 911
88. 21 38 59 84 113 ?
 (a) 138 (b) 152
 (c) 134 (d) 146

Directions (Question No. 89 to 91): Study the following information to answer the given questions.

Each of the six buildings P, Q, R, S, T and U houses different number of offices. S has more offices than only T and R. Q has more number of offices than P but less than U. R does not house the least number of offices. The building which houses the least number of offices has 5 offices. The building which has second highest number of offices has 23 offices. S has 11 less number of offices than Q.

89. Which of the following buildings has the second least number of offices?
 (a) Q (b) U
 (c) R (d) P
90. If the number of offices in P is an even number which is divisible by 2 as well as 3. How many does P have?
 (a) 20 (b) 24
 (c) 16 (d) 18
91. Which of the following is the number of offices of R ?
 (a) 25 (b) 11
 (c) 13 (d) 14
92. It was Sunday on January 1, 2006. What was the day of the week, January 1, 2010 ?

- (a) Sunday (b) Saturday
(c) Friday (d) Wednesday
93. Today is Monday. After 61 days, it will be..
(a) Wednesday (b) Saturday
(c) Tuesday (d) Thursday
94. A and B together can finish a work in 30 days. They worked for it 20 days and then B left the work. The remaining work was done by A alone in 20 days more. In how many days can A alone finish the work?
(a) 48 days (b) 50 days
(c) 54 days (d) 60 days
95. A merchant changed his trade discount from 25 % to 15%. This would increase selling price by
(a) 3 ½ % (b) 6 ½ %
(c) 13 ½ % (d) 16 ½ %
96. Hari travels 160 kms at 32 kmph and returns at 40 kmph. Then average speed is
(a) 72kmph (b) 71.12kmph
(c) 37kmph (d) 35.55kmph
97. A sum of money at simple interests amounts to Rs. 815 in 3 years and to Rs. 854 in 4 years. The sum is-
(a) Rs. 640 (b) Rs. 692
(c) Rs. 698 (d) Rs. 700
98. A clock started by noon. By ten minutes past 5, the hour hand has turned through
(a) 145° (b) 150°
(c) 155° (d) 170°
99. The sum of ages of 5 children born at the intervals of 3 years each is 50 years. What is the age of the youngest child?
(a) 4 years (b) 8 years
(c) 10 years (d) 2 years
100. Which one of the following is not a prime number?
(a) 31 (b) 61
(c) 71 (d) 91
