## No. A-12030/03/2017-CLS-II Government of India Ministry of Labour & Employment \*\*\*\*\*\*

Shram Shakti Bhawan, Rafi Marg, New Delhi – 110001.

Dated 05.09.2017

To,

The Registrar General, All High Courts.

Sub: Filling up the post of Presiding Officer of Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court/National Industrial Tribunal, Mumbai-I.

Sir,

I am directed to say that the post of Presiding Officer of Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court (CGIT-cum-LC)/National Industrial Tribunal (NIT) at Mumbai-I is to be filled up shortly in accordance with the provisions contained in Sections 7 & 7B of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (relevant extract of the Act placed at **Annexure-I**). According to these provisions, the post can be held by a judicial officer who is, or has been, a Judge of a High Court. A serving Judge can be appointed on transfer on deputation basis for a fixed term. A retired Judge can be appointed on re-employment basis. The terms and conditions of appointment of a Judge to the post of Presiding Officer will be as per **Annexure-II** [The Presiding Officers of the Labour Court, Industrial Tribunal and National Tribunal (Salaries, Allowances and other Terms and Conditions of Service) Rules, 2015].

- 2. The pay attached to the post of Presiding Officer of CGIT-cum-LC/NIT, Mumbai-I is Rs.80,000/- (fixed) per month.
- 3. It is requested that a panel of names of judicial officers who are willing to be appointed as Presiding Officer of CGIT-cum-LC/NIT, Mumbai-I and who fulfill the eligibility conditions may please be furnished so as to reach this Ministry within a period of one month from the date of issue of this letter i.e. by 04.10.2017 for selection of a suitable officer. The Bio-Data of each officer may be furnished in the proforma placed at **Annexure-III** to be filled by the concerned officer and to be attested by the concerned Registrar General.
- 4. It is requested that a panel of names of judicial officers who fulfill the requirements, as mentioned above and are willing to take up the assignment on terms and conditions mentioned in the enclosed rules (Annexure-II) may please be furnished to this Ministry along with Annexure-III.
- 5. It is urged that filling of details of each of the officers in each of the proformas and the last date of sending of applications may strictly be adhered to. It is informed that <u>only the nominations with complete proformas (Annexure-III) received on/before 04.10.2017 will be considered by the Ministry</u>. The matter may kindly be treated as urgent.

- either permanently or for a limited period. (2) A conciliation officer may be appointed for a specified area or for specified industries in a specified area or for one or more specified industries and
- occasion arises by notification in the Official Gazette constitute a Board of Conciliation for promoting the settlement of an industrial dispute. 5. Boards of Conciliation.—(1) The appropriate Government may
- the appropriate Covernment thinks fit. (2) A Board shall consist of a chairman and two or four other members, as
- recommendation of that party: dispute and any person appointed to represent a party shall be appointed on the shall be persons appointed in equal numbers to represent the parties to the (3) The chairman shall be an independent person and the other members

persons as it thinks fit to represent that party. within the prescribed time, the appropriate Covernment shall appoint such Provided that, if any party fails to make a recommendation as aforesaid

absence of the chairman or any of its members or any vacancy in its number: (4) A Board, having the prescribed quorum, may act notwillistanding the

been appomied Board shall not act until a new chairman or member, as the case may be, has services of the chairman or of any other member have ceased to be available, the Provided that if the appropriate Covernment notifies the Board that the

industrial dispute. inquiring into any matter appearing to be connected with or relevant to an arises by notification in the Official Gazette constitute a Court of Inquiry for 6. Courts of Inquiry.—(1) The appropriate Covernment may as occasion (2) A Court may consist of one independent person or of such number of

chairman. Court consists of two or more members, one of them shall be appointed as the independent persons as the appropriate Covernment may think fit and where a

Provided that, if the appropriate Government notifies the Court that the services of the chairman have ceased to be available, the Court shall not act until number: (3) A Court, having the prescribed quorum, may act notwithstanding the absence of the chairman or any of its members or any vacancy in its

of industrial disputes relating to any matter specified in the Second Schedule and for performing such other functions as may be assigned to them under this in the Official Gazette, constitute one or more Labour Courts for the adjudication % Labour Courts.—(1) The appropriate Government may, by notification

a new chairman has been appointed.

appropriate Government. (2) A Labour Court shall consist of one person only to be appointed by the

Subs. by Act 36 of 1956, sec. 4, for section 7 (w.e.f. 10-3-1957). Earlier section 7 was amended by Act 40 of 1951, sec. 3 (w.e.f. 26-6-1951).

Sec. 7]

of a Labour Court, unless-(3) A person shall not be qualified for appointment as the presiding officer

(a) the is, or has been, a Judge of a High Court; or

9 he has, for a period of not less than three years, been a District Judge or an Additional District Judge; or

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he has held any judicial office in India for not less than seven years,

3((e)) he has been the presiding officer of a Labour Court constituted under any Provincial Act or State Act for not less than five years.

he is or has been a Deputy Chief Labour Commissioner (Central) or department including three years of experience as Conciliation degree in law and at least seven years' experience in the labour joint Commissioner of the State Labour Department, having a

(3) he is an officer of Indian Legal Service in Grade III with three years' experience in the grade, the case may be, before being appointed as the presiding officer, or from the service of the Central Government or State Government, as Joint Labour Commissioner shall be appointed unless he resigns. Provided that no such Deputy Chief Labour Commissioner or

STATE AMENDMENTS

Andaman and Nicobar Islands.—In section 7, in sub-section (3), in clause (a) [now relettered as clause (d)], for the words "seven years", substitute the words "tiree years". [Vid: Regulation 6 of 1964, sec. 2 (w.e.f. 29-4-1964).]

Goa.-In section 7, in sub-section (3), after clause (d), insert the following clauses,

namely:— "(d1) he has practised as an advocate or attorney for not less than seven years in a High Court or in two or more such Courts in succession, or any Court subordinate thereto, or any Industrial Court or Tribunal or Labour Court constituted under any law for the time being in force; or (d2) he holds a degree in law of a university established by law in any part of India or an equivalent degree and is holding or has held an office not lower in rank than that of Deputy Registrar of any Industrial Court or Tribunal or Labour than that of Deputy Registrar of any Industrial Court or Tribunal or Labour

Court constituted under any law for the time being in force for not less than five

(d3) he holds a decree in law of a university established by law in any part of India or an equivalent degree and is holding or has held an office not lower in rank than that of Depuly Commissioner of Labour under a State Government or a Union territory administration for not less than five years; or ".
[Vide Goa Act 5 of 1987, sec. 2 (w.e.f. 21-10-1987).] years; or

Gujarat.—In section 7,

ujarat.—In section 7, in sub-section (3),—
(i) in clause (b), after the words "Additional District Judge", insert the words "or a foint Judge or an Assistant Judge";
Joint Judge or an Assistant Judge";
(ii) in clause (d), for the words "seven years" substitute the words "five years" and at the end of the clause, insert the word "or";

(iv) after clause (e), insert the following clause, namely:—not less than seven years in a "(f) he has practised as an advocate or attorney for not less than seven years in a High Court or any Court subordinate thereto or in any Industrial Court or Industrial Tribunal or Labour Court constituted under any law for the time being

{Vide Gujarat Act 28 of 1977, sec. 2.} Haryana.—In section 7, in sub-section (3),—

for clause (b), substitute the following clause, namely:-

Labour Commissioner for a period of not less than two years; or". [Vide Haryana Act 39 of 1976, sec. 2 (w.e.f. 12-8-1976).] "(b) he is qualified for appointment as, is or has been, a District Judge or an Additional District Judge or, and"

(ii) after clause (c), insert the following clause, namely:—

"(cc) he has been a Conmissioner of a division or an Administrative Secretary to Government or an officer of the Labour Department not below the gank of a Joint

namely: Madhya Pradesh.-in section 7, after sub-section (1), insert the following sub-section,

"(1A) In addition to the functions specified in sub-section (1), the Labour Court shall try offences punishable under this Act and the Acts specified in Part B of the Second Schedule."

Wide Madhya Pradesh Act 43 of 1981, sec. 3 (w.e.f. 26-1-1982).]
In section 7, sub-section (1A), as inserted by Madhya Pradesh Act 43 of 1981, sec. 3 (quoted

above), has been omitted 2003 (28 of 2003).] Wide Madhya Pradesh Labour Laws (Amendment) and Miscellancous Provisions Act,

namely:-Maharashtra.—In section 7, in sub-section (3), after clause (d), insert the following clauses,

"(d1) he has practised as an advocate or attorney for not less than seven years in the (d2) he holds a degree in law of a university established by law in hity part of India and is holding or has held an office not lower in rank than of Deputy Registrar ö High Court, or any court subordinate thereto, or any Industrial Court or Tribunal or Labour Court, constituted under any law for the time being, in force; or

Wide Maharashtra Act 56 of 1974, sec. 2. of any such industrial Court or Tribunal for not less than figg years; or

After clause (42), insert the following clause, namely—

"(43) he holds a degree in law of a university established by law in any part of India
and is holding or has held an office not lower than that of Assishnt
Commissioner of Labour under the State Covernment for not less than five years; or

[Vide Maharashtra Act 22 of 1976, sec. 2 (w.o.f. 27-5-1976).] Punjab, Haryana, Chandigarh.—In section 7, in sub-section (3), after clause (b), insert the

following (d) he has held the office of the Chairman or any other member of the Labour Appellate clauses, namely:-he is or has been a District Judge; or

Act 46 of 1982, sec. 3 (w.e.f. 21-8-1984) Tribunal constituted under the Industrial Disputes (Appellate Tribunal) Act, 1950, or of any Tribunal for a period not less than two years."

[Vitle Punjab Act 8 of 1957, sec. 2 (w.e.f. 3-6-1957); Punjab Act 31 of 1966 (w.e.f. 1-11-1966). Ed. The above said amendments were made prior to the amendments made by the Central

Uttar Pradush.—In section 7, after sub-section (3), insert the following sub-section,

namely:—
(3A) In relation to industrial dispute other than that referred to in sub-clause (i) of clause (a) of section 2 or in section 4 of the Industrial Disputes (Banking and Insurance, Companies) Act, 1949, the provisions of sub-section (3) shall have ettect as it-

(a) ) after clause (c) the following new clauses (d) and (e) had been added:—"(d) is or has been a Magistrate of the first class for a period exceeding two years;

(e) is a person possessing more than two years' practical experience of adjudicating or settling industrial disputes";
(b) in the proviso after the words "clause (b)" the words "or clause (d) or clause (h)" had have add-n"

Vide Utlar Pradesh Act 25 of 1951, sec. 2 (w.r.s.f. 26-6-1951).] (e)" had been added

Ed.—The above said amendments were made prior to the amendments made by the Central Act 36 of 1964, sec. 3 (w.e.f. 21-8-1964) and Act 46 of 1982, sec. 3 (w.e.f. 21-8-1984).

West Bengal.—In section 7, in sub-section (3), for clause (b) substitute the following clause, namely:: (b) he is

"(b) he is, or has been, a District Judge or an Additional District Judge; or" [Vide West Bengal Act 35 of 1989, sec. 3 (w.c.f. 22-1-1989).]

Ins. by Act 36 of 1964, sec. 3 (w.e.f. 15-12-1964).

Clause (c) omitted by Act 46 of 1982, sec. 3 (w.e.f. 21-8-1984). 15-12-1964) Clauses (a) and (b) relettered as clauses (d) and (e) respectively by Act 36 of 1964, sec. 3 (w.c.f.

Ins. by Act 24 of 2010, sec. 4 (w.e.f. 15-9-2010)

Sec. 7A]

## COMMENTS

The Labour Court/Tribunal has an inherent right in the interest of justice to seek proper assistance and grant 'leave' to a party before it is represented by a legal practitioner; T.K. Varghese v. Nichimen Corporation, (2002) IV LLJ (Supp) Bom 1018.

functions as may be assigned to them under this Actl. adjudication of industrial displites relating to any matter, whether specified in the Second Schedule or the Third Schedule and for performing such other the Official Gazette; constitute one or more-Industrial-Tribunals for the 'PA.-Tribunals.—(1) The appropriate Government may, by notification in

appropriate Government. (2) A Tribunal-shall-consist-of-one-person-only-to be\_appointed\_by\_the

of a Tribunal unless-(3) A person shall not be qualified for appointment as the presiding officer

(a)...he is, or has been, a Judge of a High Court; or

3(aa) he has, for a period of not less than three-years, been a District Judge or.an Additional District-Judge; 4[\*\*\*]]:

'((b), he is or has been a Deputy Chief Labour Commissioner (Central) or Officer: department-including-three-years of experience as Concillation degree in law and at least seven years' experience in the labour Joint Commissioner of the State Labour Department, having\_a

he is an officer of Indian Legal Service in Grade-III-with three years from the service of the Central Government or State Government, as the case may be, before being appointed as the presiding officer; or Joint Labour\_Commissioner-shall-be appointed unless he resigns Provided that no such Deputy Chief Labour Commissioner or

as assessors to advise the Iribunal in the proceeding before it. (4) The appropriate Covernment may, if it so thinks fit, appoint two persons experience in the grade.]

STATE AMENDMENTS

namery.— "(a) he has worked as a District Judge or as an Additional District Judge or as both for Assan.--In section 7A, in sub-section (3), after clause (a) insert the following clause,

a total period of not less than three years or is qualified for appointment as a Judge

Provided that the appointment to a Tribunal of any person qualified under this clause shall not be made without consultation with the Assam High Court; or [Vile Assam Act 8 of 1962, sec. 2 (w.e.f. 30-4-1962),]
Bihar.—In section 7A, in sub-section (3), after clause (a) insert the following clause.

namely:-"(aa) he has worked as a District Judge or as an Additional District Judge or as both for a total period of not less than three years:

Provided that the appointment to a Tribunal of any person qualified under this period of the tribunal of the Charles in thick the

[Vide Bihar Act 20 of 1959, sec. 2 (w.e.f. 7-7-1959).] clause shall be made in consultation with the High Court of the State in which the Tribunal has or is intended to have, its usual place of sitting; or".

Ins. by Act 36 of 1956, sec. 4 (w.e.f. 10-3-1957).

Ins. by Act 36 of 1964, sec. 4 (w.e.f. 15-12-1964). Irs. by Act 46 of 1982, sec. 4(a) (w.e.f. 21-8-1984).

The word "or" omitted by Act 46 of 1982, sec. 4 (w.e.f. 21-8-1984).

lns. by Act 24 of 2010, sec. 5 (w.e.f. 15-9-2010). Eartier clause (b) was omitted by Act 46 of 1982, see. 4 (w.e.f. 21-8-1984)

irs. by Act 24 of 2010, sec. 5 (w.e.f. 15-9-2010),

Con .- In section 7A, in sub-section (3), for clause (aa), substitute the following clauses,

"(b) he is, or has been, a District Judge; or

(c) he has, for a period of not less than three years, been an Additional District Judge or an Assistant Judge; or

(d) he is qualified for appointment as a Judge of the High Court"

[Vide Gon Act 5 of 1987, sec. 3 (w.e.f. 21-10-1987).]

Gujarat.—In section 7A, in sub-section (3),—

(i) in clause (aa), after the words "an Additional District Judge", insert the words "or a Joint Judge or an Assistant Judge";

(ii) in clause (b) [Ed. clause (b) has been omitted by Central Act 46 of 1982, sec. 4 (w.e.f. 21-8-1984)], insert the word "or" at the end;

(iii) after clause (b), insert the following clause, namely:-

"(c) he has for not less than five years been the presiding officer of a Labour Court constituted under any law for the time being in force".

[Vide Gujarat Act 28 of 1977, sec. 3.]

|Vide Gujavat Act 22 of 1981, sec. 5 (w.e.f. 1-8-1981).] In section 7A, in sub-section (3), after clause (c), insert, the following clause, namely:- $\H(d)$  he holds a degree in law of a University established by law in any part of India and Commissioner of Labour under the State Government for not less than ten years' is holding or has held an office not lower in rank than that of Assistant

Act 46 of 1982, sec. 4 (w.e.f. 21-8-1984) Ed. The above said amendments were made prior to the amendments made by the Central

Haryana.—In section 7A, in sub-section (3),—

(i) for clause (aa), substitute the following clause, namely:--

"(5a) he is qualified for appointment as, is or has been, a District Judge or an Additional District Judge; or"; and

(ii) after clause (aa), insert the following clause, namely:-

"(aaa) he has been a Commissioner of a division or an Administrative Secretary to Joint Labour Commissioner for a period of not less than two years; or" Covernment or an officer of the Labour Department not below the rank of a

Kerala.—In section 7A, in sub-section (3), for clause (a), substitute the following clause, [Vide Haryana Act 39 of 1976, sec. 3 (w.e.f. 12-8-1976).]

namely:—

"(a) he is, or has been, a judicial officer not below the rank of a District Judge, or is

[Vid: Kerala Act 28 of 1961, sec. 2 (w.e.f. 27-7-1961)] qualified for appointment as a Judge of a High Court; or".

marnely;--Madhya Pradesh.—In section 7A, for sub-section (3), substitute the following sub-section,

"(3) A person shall not be qualified for appointment as the Presiding Officer of a Tribunal unless-

(a) he is, or has been, a Judge of a High Court; or

he is eligible for being appointed a Judge of a High Court; or

he has worked as President of the Board of Revenue; or

(d) he has worked as a member of the Board of Revenue for a period of not less than three years; or

(e) he has worked as Commissioner of Labour for a period of not less than three years; or

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Sec. 70]

(f) he has worked as a member of the Industrial Court constituted under section 9 of the Maulhya Pradesh Industrial Relations Act, 1960 (27 of 1960), for a period of not less than five years."

[Vult Madhya Pradesh Act 19 of 1988, sec. 3 (w.e.f. 15-1-1989).]

High Court", insert the words "or a District Judge or a person qualified for appointment as a Malarashtra -- In section 7A, in sub-section (3), in clause (a), after the words "Judge of a

[Vide Maharashtra Act 2 of 1963, sec. 2 (w.e.f. 4-1-1963).]

Judge", substitute the words "an Additional District Judge or an Assistant Judge or". After clause (b), {Ed. Clause (b) has been omitted by Central Act 46 of 1982, sec. 4 (w.e.f. In section 7A, in sub-section (3), in clause (aa), for the words "an Additional District

21-8-1984)], insert the following clause, namely:---"(c) he has for not less than five years been a presiding officer of a Labour Court,

constituted under any law for the time being in force.

After clause (c) insert the following clause, namely:-[Vide Maharashtra Act 56 of 1974, sec. 3.]

"(d) he holds degree in law of a University established by law in any part of India and is holding or has held an office not lower in rank than that of Assistant Commissioner of Labour under the State Covernment for not less than ten

[Vide Maharashtra Act 22 of 1976, sec. 3.]

following clause, namely:-Mysore (Karnataka).--(1) In section 7A, in sub-section (3), after clause (a), insert the

"(aa) he is, or has been, a District Judge, or"

[Vide Mysore Act 6 of 1963, sec. 2 (w.e.f. 31-1-1963).]

insert the words "for a period of not less than three years."
[Vide Mysore Act 25 of 1963, sec. 2 (w.e.f. 12-12-1963).] (2) In clause (aa) as inserted by Mysore Act 6 of 1963, after the words "District Judge",

46 of 1982, sec. 4 (w.e.f. 21-8-1984). Ed. The above said amendments were made prior to the amendments made by Central Act

namely:-Orissa.--In section 7A, in sub-section (3), after clause (a), insert the following clause, "(na) he has been a member of the Orissa Superior Judicial Service for a period of not

less than seven years."

[Vide Orissa Act 6 of 1960, sec. 2 (w.e.f. 17-3-1960).]

Court", insert the words "or a District Judge or an Additional District Judge". West Bengal.-In section 7A, in sub-section (3), in clause (a), after the words "High [Vule West Bengal Act 17 of 1958, sec. 3 (w.e.f. 22-9-1958).]

In section 7A, in sub-section (3), for clause (aa), substitued the following clause, namely:-[Vide West Bengal Act 35 of 1989, sec. 4.] "(aa) he is, or has been, a District Judge or an Additional District Judge; or".

## COMMENTS

Power to constitute Industrial Court/Tribunal

of the Labour Court. The Third Schedule enumerates the matters which fall within the Schedules. The Second Schedule enumerates the matters which fall within the jurisdiction LLR 265 (Raj). jurisdiction of the Industrial Tribunal, Jagdish Narain Sharma v. Rajasthan Patrika Ltd., 1994 Industrial Tribunals for adjudication of the disputes relating to any matter specified in the Section 7A empowers the appropriate Government to constitute one or more

> 178. National Tribunals.—(1) The Central Government may, by notification Government, involve questions of national importance or are of such a nature the adjudication of inclustrial disputes which, in the opinion of the Central interested in, or affected by, such disputes. that industrial establishments situated in more than one State are likely to be in the Official Gazette, constitute one or more National Industrial Tribunals for

the Central Covernment. (2) A National Tribunal shall consist of one person only to be appointed by

of a National Tribunal 2[unless he is, or has been, a Judge of a High Court]. (3) A person shall not be qualified for appointment as the presiding officer

assessors to advise the National Tribunal in the proceeding before it.] (4) The Central Government may, if it so thinks fit, appoint two persons as

continue in, the office of the presiding officer of a Labour Court, Tribunal or National Tribunal, if-Tribunals and National Tribunals.-No person shall be appointed to, 17C. Disqualifications for the presiding officers of Labour Courts,

(a) he is not an independent person; or

(b) he has attained the age of sixty-five years.]

# STATE AMENDMENTS

Assam.-h section 7C, in clause (b), insert the following proviso, namely:-

period not exceeding six months for completion of the proceedings." Government attains the age of sixty-five years before the completion of any such Covernment public interest so requires, order his continuance in office for a proceedings pending before him, the State Government may, if in the opinion of "Provided that where such presiding officer of a Tribunal appointed by the State

[Vide Assum Act 3 of 1962, sec. 3 (w.e.f. 30-4-1962).]

clause, namely:-Punjab, Haryana, Chandigarh.--In section 7C, for clause (b), substitute the following

"(b) he has attained the age of sixty-seven years".

West Bengal.—In section 7C, in clause (b), insert the following proviso, namely:— [Vide Punjab Act 8 of 1957, sec. 3 (w.e.f. 3-6-1957); and the Central Act 31 of 1966.]

Government attains the age of sixty-five years before completion of any proceedings Government public interest so requires, order his continuance in office for a period pending before him, the State Government may, if in the opinion of such "Provided that where such presiding officer of a Tribunal appointed by the State

[Vide West Bengal Act 11 of 1959, sec. 3 (w.e.f. 27-10-1959).] not exceeding six months for completion of the proceedings."

# SECTION 7D

Gujarat.—After section 7C, insert the following section, namely:---

"7D. Certain District Judges qualified for appointments on Tribunal constituted by State Government.—Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) of

Tribunal may consist of a person who is, or has been, for a period of not less than section for performing such other functions as may be assigned to it under this Act (2) Where the State Government constitutes a Tribunal under section 7A, the (1) The State Government may constitute an Industrial Tribunal under that sub-

Ins. by Act 36 of 1956, sec. 4 (w.e.f. 10-3-1957).

2. Subs. by Act 46 of 1982, sec. 5, for certain words (w.e.f. 21-8-1984).

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REGD. NO. D. L.-33004/99



असाधारण

#### EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II--खण्ड 3 उप-खण्ड (i)

PART II—Section 3 Sub-section (i) प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

#### PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

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NEW DELHI, THRUSDAY, APRIL 30, 2015/VAISAKHA 10, 1937

#### श्रम और रोजगार मंत्रालय

#### अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 6 अप्रैल, 2015

सा.का.नि. 336(अ).—केन्द्रीय सरकार, औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 की धारा 38 की उप-धारा (1) के खंड (ग) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए निम्नलिखित नियम बनाती है, अर्थात् :—

- संक्षिप्त नाम और आरम्भ.—(1) इन नियमों का संक्षिप्त नाम श्रम न्यायालय, औद्योगिक अधिकरण और राष्ट्रीय अधिकरण (वेतन, भत्ते और अन्य सेवा के निबन्धन और शर्तें) नियम, 2015 है।
  - (2) ये राजपत्र में उनके प्रकाशन के तारीख़ के प्रवृत्त होंगे ।
- 2. परिभाषाए.—(1) इन नियमों में जब तक कि सदर्भ मे अन्यथा अपेक्षित न हो :—
  - (क) "अधिनियम" से औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) अभिष्रेत है ;
  - (ख) "पीठासीन अधिकारी" से अधिनियम की धारा 7, धारा 7क या धारा 7ख के अधीन पीठासीन अधिकारी के रूप में नियुक्त व्यक्ति अभिप्रेत है ।
  - (2) उन शब्दों और पदों के, जो इन नियमों में प्रयुक्त है तथा परिभाषित नहीं है परंतु अधिनियम में परिभाषित हैं उनके वही अर्थ हैं जो उक्त अधिनियम में क्रमशः उनके हैं।
- 3. कार्यकाल.—िकसी सेवारत न्यायधीश की पीठासीन अधिकारी के रूप में प्रतिनियुक्ति की दशा में, प्रतिनियुक्ति की अविध साधारणतया तीन वर्ष की होगी और सेवानिवृत्त न्यायधीश की दशा में नियुक्ति पैंसठ वर्ष की आयु तक के लिए होगी।

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- 4. वेतन.—(1) राष्ट्रीय अधिकरण के पीठासीन अधिकारी का वेतन 80,000 रु. (नियत) प्रतिमाह की नियत दर से होगा और जिसके अंतर्गत सेवारत न्यायधीशों की दशा में प्रतिनियुक्ति भत्ता और सेवानिवृत्त न्यायधीशों की दशा में सकल पेंशन भी है।
  - (2) श्रम न्यायालय या औद्योगिक अधिकरण के पीठासीन अधिकारी का वेतन निम्न होगा :—
  - (i) जिला न्यायधीश (प्रविष्टि स्तर) 51,550-1230-58,930-1380-63,070 रु.
  - (ii) जिला न्यायाधीश (चयन श्रेणी) 57,700-1230-58,930-1380-67,210 रु.
  - (iii) जिला न्यायधीश (अतिकाल वेतन) 70,290-1540-76,450 रु.

प्रति माह के वेतन में सकल पेंशन, पेंशन समतुल्य या अन्य सेवानिवृत्ति के फायदे भी हैं, यदि कोई हो :

परंतु यह कि पीठामीन अधिकारी के रूप में ऐसे व्यक्ति की नियुक्ति की दशा में, जो न्यायिक सेवा या उप मुख्य श्रम आयुक्त (केन्द्रीय) या राज्य सरकार के संयुक्त आयुक्त के पद से सेवानिवृत्त है और जिसने पेंशन की रीति द्वारा किसी सेवानिवृत्ति के फायदे को प्राप्त किया है या प्राप्त कर रहा है या प्राप्त करने के लिए हकदार हो गया है, पीठामीन अधिकारी के लिए ऐसे नियत वेतन से सकल पेंशन के बराबर की रकम कम कर दिया जाएगा।

- 5. **मंहगाई भत्ता.**—राष्ट्रीय अधिकरण को पीठासीन अधिकारी मंहगाई भत्ता उस दर से प्राप्त करेंगे जो उच्च न्यायालय के सेवारत न्यायधीशों को देय है।
  - (2) श्रम न्यायालय या औद्योगिक अधिकरण के पीठासीन अधिकारियों को वह समतुल्य मंहगाई भत्ता प्राप्त करने के हकदार होंगे जो केन्द्रीय सरकार के समूह 'क' अधिकारियों द्वारा समय-समय पर आहरित किया जा रहा है जो पुनर्नियोजन की अविध के दौरान आहरित उपलब्धियों में राहत पेंशन के कम कर दिए जाने के शर्त के अध्यधीन होगी।
- 6. नगर प्रतिपूरक भत्ता.—(1) राष्ट्रीय अधिकरण के पीठासीन अधिकारियों को वह नगर प्रतिपूरक भत्ता देय होगा जो उच्च न्यायालयों के न्यायाधीशों को देय है।
  - (2) श्रम न्यायालय या औद्योगिक अधिकरण, के पीठासीन अधिकारियों के नगर प्रतिपूरक भन्ने केन्द्रीय सरकार के ममूह 'क' अधिकारियों को यथा लागू नियमों के अधीन विनियमित होंगे।
- 7. चिकित्सा रियायत.—राष्ट्रीय अधिकरण के पीठासीन अधिकारियों के लिए केन्द्रीय सरकार स्वाम्थ्य योजना की सुविधाएं उनके तैनाती के स्थान पर उपलब्ध रहेंगी और जहां केन्द्रीय स्वास्थ्य योजना प्रचालन में नही है, वहां पर वे केन्द्रीय सेवा (चिकित्सा परिचर्या) नियम, 1944 में यथा उपबंधित सुविधाएं लेने के लिए हकदार होंगे।
  - (2) श्रम न्यायालय या औद्योगिक अधिकरण के पीठासीन अधिकारियों के लिए, चिकित्सा सुविधांए केन्द्रीय सरकार के समूह 'क' अधिकरियों को यथा लागू नियमों के अधीन विनियमित होंगी।
- 8. **छुट्टी.**—राष्ट्रीय अधिकरण के पीठासीन अधिकारियों के लिए, छुट्टी से संबंधित मामले उच्च न्यायालयों से सेवारत न्यायधीश को यथा ग्राह्य होंगे।
  - (2) श्रम न्यायालय या औद्योगिक अधिकरण के पीठासीन अधिकारियों के लिए, छुट्टी से संबंधित मामले केन्द्रीय सरकार के समृह 'क' अधिकारियों को यथा लागू नियमों के अधीन विनियमित होंगे।
- 9. मकान किराया भत्ता.—(1) राष्ट्रीय अधिकरण के पीठासीन अधिकारियों के लिए किराया भत्ता सुसज्जित वास-सुविधा या यथास्थिति मूल वेतन का तीस प्रतिशत की दर से मकान किराया भत्ता का प्रवंध किया जाएगा ।
  - (2) श्रम न्यायालय और आँद्योगिक अधिकरण के पीठासीन अधिकारियों के लिए केन्द्रीय सरकार के समूह 'क' कर्मचारियों के लिए यथा अनुजेय मकान किराया भत्ता का प्रबंध किया जाएगा।

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- 10. यात्रा भत्ता.—पीठासीन अधिकारियों को उनके पुनर्नियोजन के समय पर लागू दरों पर अपने हकदारी के अनुसार यात्रा भत्ता के हकदार होंगे !
- 11. **छुट्टी यात्रा रियायत.**—(1) राष्ट्रीय अधिकरण के पीठासीन अधिकारियों के लिए केन्द्रीय सरकार के उच्चतम श्रेणी के लिए यथा अनुजेय स्वयं और कुटुम्ब के लिए छुट्टी यात्रा रियायात होगी।
  - (2) श्रम न्यायालय और औद्योगिक अधिकरण के पीठासीन अधिकारियों के लिए छुट्टी यात्रा रियायत पीठासीन अधिकारियों की पुनर्नियोजन के आधार पर नियुक्ति के बावत पुनर्नियोजित व्यक्ति को यथा लागू नियमों के अधीन विनियमित होगा।
- 12. वाहन भत्ता.—(1) राष्ट्रीय अधिकरण के पीठासीन अधिकारियों के लिए केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा समय समय पर विनिश्चित की गई नियन रकम के रुप में वाहन भत्ता का प्रबंध किया जाएगा।
  - (2) श्रम न्यायालय या औद्योगिक अधिकरण के पीठासीन अधिकारियों को यह विकल्प रहेगा कि या वे शासकीय कार्यों के प्रयोजन के लिए स्टाफ कार रखें या अपने वाहन का प्रयोग प्रतिमाह प्रदान किए गए पचहत्तर लिटर पैट्रोल द्वारा करें।
- 13. स्थानांतरण यात्रा भत्ता.—(1) उच्चतम श्रेणी के सरकारी सेवकों के लिए अनुज्ञेय स्थानांतरण भत्ता राष्ट्रीय औद्योगिक अधिकरण या श्रम न्यायालय का कार्यग्रहण करने के लिए गृहनगर से मुख्यालय तक और समनुदेशन के समाप्त होने पर मुख्यालय के गृह नगर तक का स्थातांतरण यात्रा भत्ता होगा।
  - (2) श्रम न्यायालय या औद्योगिक अधिकरण के पीठासीन अधिकारियों के लिए स्थानांतरण यात्रा भत्ता पुनर्नियोजन के आधार पर नियुक्ति के बाबत पुनर्नियोजित व्यक्ति के लिए केन्द्रीय सरकार के यथा लागू नियमों के अनुसार होगा।
- 14. अभिदायी भविष्य-निधि स्कीम.—पीठासीन अधिकारियों को अभिदायी भविष्य-निधि स्कीम मे नियमों के अनुसार पुनर्नियोजन की अवधि के दौरान जुड़ने का हक होगा।
- 15. अन्य सेवा शर्ते.—उन मामलों की वाबत जिनके बारे में कोई अभिव्यक्त उपबंध नहीं बनाए गए हैं अध्यक्ष या अन्य सदस्यों की सेवा के निबधनों और शर्तों से संबंधित मामलों को केंद्रीय सरकार के विनिश्चय के लिए श्रम न्यायालय, अँद्योगिक अभिकरण या राष्ट्रीय अभिकरण द्वारा निर्देशित किए जाएंगे, और केन्द्रीय सरकार का उस पर विनिश्चय बाध्यकारी होगा।
- 16. शिथिल करने की शक्ति.—केन्द्रीय सरकार को इन नियमों के किसी उपबंध को किसी वर्ग या प्रवर्ग के व्यक्तियों की वाबत शिथिल करने की शक्ति होगी।

[सं. जेड-25025/05/2013-सीएलएस-2] धीरज कुमार, संयुक्त सचिव

## MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 6th April, 2015

- G.S.R. 336(E).—In excercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section(1) of Section 38 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:—
- 1. Short title and commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Presiding Officers of the Labour Court, Industrial Tribunal and National Tribunal (Salaries, Allowances and other Terms and Conditions of Service) Rules, 2015.
  - (2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.
  - 2. Definitions.—(1) In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,-
    - (a) "Act" means the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947);

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- (b) "Presiding Officer" means a person appointed as presiding officer under Sections 7, 7A or Section 7B of the Act.
- (2) All other words and expressions used and not defined in these rules but defined in the Act shall have meanings respectively assigned to them in the Act.
- 3. **Duration.**—In case of appointment on deputation of serving judges as presiding officer, the normal period of appointment shall be for a period of three years and in case of retired judges, the appointment shall be till the age of 65 years.
- 4. Salary.—(1) The Pay of the Presiding Officer of National Tribunal shall be fixed @ Rs 80,000/- (fixed) per month and this shall include the deputation allowance in case of serving judges and gross pension in case of retired judges.
  - (2) The Salary of the Presiding Officer of the Labour Court or Industrial Tribunal shall be-
    - (i) the District Judge (Entry Level) Rs. 51,550-1230-58,930-1380-63,070
    - (ii) the District Judge (Selection Grade) Rs. 57.700-1230-58,930-1380-67,210
    - (iii) the District Judge (Super time Scale) Rs. 70,290-1540-76,450

per month inclusive of gross pension, pension equivalent or other retirement benefits, if any:

Provided that in the case of an appointment of a person as a presiding officer, who has retired from Judicial Service or as Deputy Chief Labour Commissioner (Central) or Joint Commissioner of the State Government and who is in receipt of or has received or has become entitled to receive any retirement benefit by way of pension, the pay of presiding officer shall be reduced by the gross amount of Pension from the Pay so fixed.

- 5. Dearness Allowance.—(1) The presiding officers of National Tribunal shall receive the dearness allowance at the rate as admissible to the serving judges of the High Court.
  - (2) The presiding officers of the Labour Court or Industrial Tribunal shall be entitled to dearness allowance as applicable to Group- "A" Officers of the Central Government drawing an equivalent pay from time to time subject to the condition that relief of pension is deducted from the emolument drawn during the period of re-employment.
- 6 City Compensatory Allowance.—(1) For presiding officers of National Tribunals, the city compensatory allowance shall be as admissible to the serving judges of High Courts.
  - (2) For presiding officers of Labour Court or Industrial Tribunal, the city compensatory allowance shall be regulated under the rules as applicable to the Group –"A" Officers of the Central Government.
- 7. Medical Concession.—(1) For presiding officers of the National Tribunal, the Central Government Health Scheme facilities shall be available at the station of posting and where the Central Government Health Scheme is not in operation, they shall be entitled to the facilities as provided in the Central Services (Medical Attendance) Rules, 1944.
  - (2) For presiding officers of the Labour Court or Industrial Tribunal, the medical facilities shall be regulated under the rules as applicable to the Group-" A" Officers of the Central Government.
- 8. Leave.—(1) For presiding officers of the National Tribunal, the matters relating to leave shall be as admissible to the serving judges of the High Courts.
  - (2) For presiding officers of the Labour Court or Industrial Tribunal, the matters relating to leave shall be regulated under the rules as applicable to the Group- "A" Officers of the Central Government.
- 9. House Rent Allowance.—(1) For the presiding officers of the National Tribunal, there shall be provided rent free furnished accommodation or, as the case may be, the house rent allowance at the rate of thirty per cent of the basic pay.
  - (2) For the presiding officers of the Labour Court or Industrial Tribunal, there shall be provided the House Rent Allowance as admissible to the Group-"A" Officers of the Central Government.
- 10. Travelling Allowances.—The presiding officers shall be entitled the travelling allowance as per their entitlement on the rates at the time of their re-employment.

- 11. Leave Travel Concession.—(1) For the presiding officers of the National Tribunal, the leave travel concession for self and family shall be as admissible to the highest grade in the Central Government.
  - (2) For the presiding officers of the Labour Court or Industrial Tribunal, the Leave Travel Concession shall be regulated under the rules as applicable to re-employed person in respect of Presiding Officers appointed on re-employed basis.
- 12. Conveyance Allowance.—(1) For the presiding officers of the National Tribunal, there shall be provided the conveyance allowance in the form of a fixed amount to be decided by the Central Government from time to time.
  - (2) The presiding officers of the Labour Court or Industrial Tribunal may have an option either to have a staff car for official purposes or use of own vehicle with a grant of seventy five litres of petrol per month
- 13. Transfer Travelling Allowance.—(1) The transfer travelling allowance shall be as admissible to a Government Servant of the highest grade from home town to headquarters for joining the National Industrial Tribunal or Labour Court and from headquarters to home town at the end of the assignment.
  - (2) For the presiding officers of the Labour Court or Industrial Tribunal, the transfer travelling allowance shall be as per Central Government rules as applicable to re-employed person in respect of presiding officers appointed on re-employed basis.
- 14. Contributory Provident Fund Scheme.—The presiding officers shall be entitled to join Contributory Provident Fund Scheme as per rules during the period of re-employment.
- 15. Other Conditions of Service.—Matters relating to the terms and conditions of service of the Chairperson or other Members with respect to which no express provisions has been made in these rules, shall be referred by the Labour Court. Industrial Tribunal or National Tribunal to the Central Government for its decision, and the decision of the Central Government thereon shall be binding.
- 16. Power to relax.—The Central Government have power to relax the provision of any of these rules in respect of any class or categories of persons.

[No. Z-25025/05/2013-CLS-II]

DHEERAJ KUMAR, Jt. Secy.

### **Annexure-III**

<u>Proforma for Bio-data</u> (to be filled by the judicial officer concerned)

1.	Name (in full)	
2.	Date of Birth	
3.	Educational Qualification	
4.	Particulars of Service in brief with dates of each appointment held from the level of High Court Judge  (In Chronological Order)  (Note: Experience with regard to Labour matters may be specifically mentioned)	
5.	Details in respect of last/ current post held	Name of the last/current post  Date of appointment to last/current post  Date of retirement  Scale of pay  Last pay drawn
6.	Address for communication	
7.	Phone no.	(Office) (Residential) (Mobile)
8.	E-mail address	

Date:

Signature:

Place:

Name: